Amendments to the Specification

Please amend the Title as follows;

[[A]] PEDAL SUPPORT ASSEMBLY HAVING A SAFETY DEVICE

Please add the following new heading and paragraph after the Title on page 1;

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

The subject patent application claims priority to and all the benefits of International Application No. PCT/SE2005/000076, which was filed on 25 January 2005 with the World Intellectual Property Organization.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 5 on page 1 as follows;

The present invention relates to a pedal support assembly for a vehicle, comprising a bracket which is secured in a bulkhead disposed in the vehicle between the passenger compartment of the vehicle and its engine room; a first shaft which is secured in the bracket and is horizontal and transversely directed in relation to the direction of travel of the vehicle, a pedal arm provided with a footplate and pivotal about the first shaft; an operating device which is secured in the pedal arm a distance from the first shaft and which is disposed for activation or control of a vehicular function, for example a braking function.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 15 on page 1 as follows;

In modern motor cars, collision safety has become an increasingly important feature. Motor car safety may be improved in that an airbag catches both the driver and passengers before they hit solid parts in the passenger compartment of the motor car. The passenger compartment lies on the inside of a so-called bulkhead. The bulkhead is a substantially vertical definition between the passenger compartment and the front area of the vehicle. On the passenger compartment side of the bulkhead, different parts may be

secured, for example a pedal assembly having a pedal support in which the pedals that are used by the driver when driving the vehicle are supported. In order to increase safety even further, attempts are made, on the one hand, to prevent parts in the engine room of the vehicle from bursting through the bulkhead into the passenger compartment and, on the other hand, to cause the pedals suspended in pedal supports to be prevented from moving towards the feet of the driver. This causes a lower degree of so-called pedal penetration. Pedal penetration is a dimension of foot safety and indicates the extent to which the pedals may possibly move towards the driver in connection with a collision. Since a large degree of pedal penetration may result in serious injury to the driver, attempts are made to render pedal penetration as slight as possible.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 12 on page 2 as follows;

Pedal supports assemblies are also previously known in the art that are designed to reduce pedal penetration in that the pedals, as a result of deformation in the vehicle chassis, are caused to move away from the feet of the vehicle driver. For example, such pedal supports assemblies can utilise a deformation in the bulkhead, a wheel housing or other vehicle body part in relation to a "fixed" point in the chassis, for example in or beneath the dashboard of the vehicle, in order to realise the movement that displaces the pedals.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 21 on page 2 as follows;

The object of the present invention is to obviate or at least minimise the aboveoutlined problems. This is realised by means of the characterising features as set forth in appended Claim 1.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 31 on page 2 as follows;

The advantages inherent in the present invention are that a pedal support assembly with low pedal penetration will be realised at the same time as the total safety of a motor car provided with the present safety device is increased in that the pedals retain at least a certain effect even after a collision.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 3 on page 3 as follows;

The present invention will now be described in greater detail hereinbelow, with reference to the accompanying Drawings. In the accompanying Drawings:

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a pedal support assembly according to a first embodiment of the present invention, where the pedal support assembly is in the deactivated position;

Fig. 2 shows the pedal support assembly of Fig. 1 when [[the]] a safety device is in the process of being activated in that an upper lock is lifted upwards;

Fig. 3 shows the pedal support assembly of Fig. 1, where the upper lock has been completely lifted upwards and has ceased to act and [[the]] <u>a</u> pedal has a residual function, but with the pedal in a position located ahead of [[the]] <u>a</u> normal position;

Fig. 4 shows an alternative embodiment of the present invention in perspective, [[the]] <u>a</u> safety device not being activated but [[the]] <u>a</u> pedal instead having full effect; and

Fig. 5 shows the embodiment according to Fig. 4 where the safety device has been triggered after a collision and the pedal has retained a residual function, but in a position ahead of [[the]] a normal position.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 25 on page 3 as follows;

The present invention relates to a <u>safety</u> device for a pedal <u>support assembly</u> in a vehicle. A pedal support is placed at the driver's position in the vehicle and may, for example, support the clutch pedal, accelerator pedal or brake pedal. In rough outline, a vehicle may be divided into a front area, passenger compartment and rear area. The front area of the vehicle includes the engine room. The passenger compartment includes the driver's seat and the passenger seats in the front and back. The rear area of the vehicle includes the luggage boot and adjacent spaces. In the front region of the passenger compartment, there is provided a substantially vertical definition which defines the passenger compartment from the front area of the vehicle. This definition is often called a bulkhead. On the bulkhead, various parts in the passenger compartment may be

secured. The function of the bulkhead is to act both a securement surface and as a safety barrier for the passengers in the passenger compartment in the event of a collision.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 4 on page 4 as follows;

The pedal support which is described in connection with the present invention is positioned on the bulkhead in the passenger compartment at the driver's seat. In Fig. 1, there is shown a pedal support assembly which comprises the major components: a pedal support or bracket 9, a pedal arm 2 and [[a]] an operating device or pushrod 22. The bracket 9 is secured on the bulkhead with the aid of anchorage devices, for example screws through , int. al. recesses 20 and 21 on the bracket 9. The pushrod 22 runs from the pedal arm 2 and in through an aperture in the bulkhead and is in communication with, for example, a brake servo device that lies in the front area of the vehicle. At the end of the pedal arm 2, a footplate 23 is positioned in order for the driver to be able to give the desired impulses to the pedal arm 2 and the pushrod 22.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 23 on page 4 as follows;

A locking device 13 which is shown in Fig. 1 is disposed on the bracket 9. The pedal arm 2 may move about a first horizontal shaft 3 and transmit pedal impulses via the pushrod 22 when a pedal device assembly is employed for manoeuvring a vehicle. A safety device couples the shaft 3 to the bracket 9. If the vehicle were to be in a collision, the locking device 13 will be activated so that thereby the safety device and the upper, horizontal pivot shaft 3 will be free to move in the longitudinal direction of the vehicle, in particular rearwardly. The triggering is active in the sense that it is not dependent on relative movements between vehicle body parts that are deformed during the process of a collision. As a result, the pedal arm will also be free to move in the longitudinal direction of the vehicle by a pivoting movement about the connection of the pushrod 22 with the pedal arm 2. This minimises the movement of the pedal arm 2 rearwardly into the passenger compartment, which is important to minimise the risk of int. al. foot injuries to the driver in connection with a collision.

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Please amend the paragraph starting at line 1 on page 5 as follows;

Fig. 1 shows a pedal support assembly 1 in perspective. The elongate pedal arm 2 is movably disposed about [[a]] the first horizontal shaft 3 at [[the]] an upper region 4 of the pedal arm 2. The ends 5 and 6 of the first horizontal shaft 3 are each disposed on the safety device, which in this embodiment is a fulcrum 7 and 8 that are each secured in the bracket 9. The fulcrums 7 and 8 are movable about an imaginary second horizontal axis 10 which passes through the points 11 and 12. The fulcrum 7 is, in the point 11, secured in the bracket 9 while the fulcrum 8 is secured in the bracket 9 at point 12.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 8 on page 5 as follows;

The first horizontal shaft 3, the fulcrums 7 and 8 and the pedal arm 2 are held in their original effective position by means of the locking device 13. The locking device 13 includes consists of arms 14 and 15 which are connected to a horizontal plate 16 abutting against the fulcrums 7 and 8. Both of the arms 14 and 15 of the locking device 13 are secured in the bracket 9 at a point 17 and 18, respectively. An imaginary third horizontal axis 19 passes through the points 17 and 18 about which the locking device 13 is movable.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 24 on page 5 as follows;

At the anchorage points 17 and 18, locking members 24 and 25 may be provided which prevent the locking device 13 with the arms 14 and 15 and the plate 16 from moving upwards about the third horizontal axis 19. These locking members 24 and 25 are connected to some form of sensor 32 ([[not]] shown schematically) which, for example, may be disposed ahead of the bulkhead, i.e. somewhere between the bulkhead and the forward area of the vehicle. This sensor 32 or transducer may sense, for example, a relative movement between, for instance, the engine and the bulkhead. [[It]] Alternatively, it is also possible to initiate the triggering of the locking device 13 by means of a relative movement between a specific actuator which is placed in the vehicle and a part of the vehicle proper. The relative movement may be transferred to the locking device 13 with the aid of a mechanical device which, for example, may be a fulcrum or a

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cable. It is also conceivable to remove the locking device 13 in a purely mechanical manner. This may be put into effect in that the engine or the bulkhead is moved during the collision and then comes into contact with some form of pin device which is connected to the locking device 13, in which event the locking device is removed. It is also conceivable to provide a transducer which gives an electric impulse on a collision, the impulse being transmitted to an apparatus that removes the locking device 13. Pyrotechnic removal of the locking device is also conceivable. For example, the transducer and impulse which trigger the collision air bags in a vehicle could also serve as transducer and impulse for removing the locking device 13, for example pyrotechnically. Thus, how the locking device 13 is kept in position and removed from its position may be varied in many different ways and is not restrictive of the scope of the present invention. It is also conceivable to provide a cable which, when taut, lifts up the locking device from its original position. It is also conceivable that the locking device 13 is designed in another manner than that shown in the present embodiment of the invention.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 14 on page 6 as follows;

Fig. 2 shows the pedal support assembly 1 in a situation where the sensor 32 in the motor car has emitted impulses that the locking device 13 is to be triggered. Fig. 2 shows how the locking device 13 has moved upwards from its original position in Fig. 1. The locking device 13, which includes the horizontal plate 16 connecting the arm 14 to the arm 15, has, in the Figure, thus moved a slight distance upwards about the third horizontal axis 19. The plate 16 was, in the locking position, disposed against [[the]] a short side of the fulcrums 7 and 8 but has now released contact with these fulcrums 7 and 8. However, the fulcrums 7 and 8 are still located in their initial position. The pedal arm 2 and the footplate 23 are also in unchanged position in relation to Fig. 1.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 23 on page 6 as follows;

Fig. 3 shows the pedal support assembly 1 in that position where the locking device 13 is wholly released so that the fulcrums 7 and 8 may freely move about the

imaginary second horizontal axis 10 through the points 11 and 12.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 11 on page 7 as follows;

For example, the pedal support assembly 1 may manoeuvre or control the brake of a vehicle. If the driver of this vehicle were to need to use the brake after the locking device 13 has been triggered, this is possible, but possibly with reduced effect. This is possible because the fulcrums 7 and 8 are disposed in the bracket 9 so that the pedal arm 2 may continue to move about the first horizontal shaft 3 in its new position. When the driver depresses the footplate 23, the pedal arm 2 can be moved towards the bulkhead unless the pedal arm 2 comes into contact with the bulkhead, which, after a collision, may be severely deformed (probably no or reduced braking effect). If the brake servo is undamaged and has moved rearwardly and if the pushrod 22 is undamaged, there will in all probability be full braking effect even though the locking device has been triggered. Thus, the present invention offers both lower pedal penetration and, in many cases, continued effect from the pedal after the locking device has been triggered.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 26 on page 7 as follows;

Fig. 4 shows an alternative embodiment of the present invention. In Fig. 4, the pedal support assembly 1 is shown disposed in a bracket 9. The pedal support assembly 1 includes a pedal arm 2 which, in its upper region, is movable about a first horizontal shaft 3. Lowermost on the pedal arm, there is disposed a footplate 23. An operating device or elongate pushrod 22 is pivotally secured to the pedal arm 2. The pushrod 22 passes through an aperture in the bulkhead (not shown) into a brake servo.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 32 on page 7 as follows;

In the upper region of the pedal arm 2, a safety device is provided. The safety device includes carrier arms 26, 27 with each respective end of [[a]] the carrier arm 26, 27 [[is]] disposed on the first horizontal shaft 3, the ends of the carrier 26, 27 arm being interconnected and constituting an elongate slide 28 which is disposed in a guide 29. Fig. 4 shows the pedal support assembly 1 in a normal operational position when the pedal

<u>arm 2</u> has full effect, i.e. a force applied on the footplate 23 will achieve the desired result with the aid of the pushrod 22.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 4 on page 8 as follows;

In this normal operational position, the slide 28 is protracted forwards in the guide 29 as far as possible. The slide 28 of the safety device is held in this position by means of a locking device (not shown). Inside the guide 29 of the safety device, there is disposed a device, for example a spring, which urges against a rear portion of the slide 28. The pressure that this spring generates is held back by the locking device when the locking device is in its inactive position.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 10 on page 8 as follows;

Fig. 5 shows the pedal support assembly 1 according to Fig. 4 in the triggered position. In this position, the locking device that held the slide 28 in position has released so that the spring acting on the slide 28 has been capable of pressing out the slide rearwardly a distance out of the guide 29. The slide 28 is prevented from wholly departing from the guide 29 by an arrest member 30 which is disposed on the guide 29. The arrest member 30 may, for example, consist of include pins that point inwardly in the guide 29 and cooperate with projecting pins on the slide 28. The pin on the slide 28 is arrested by the pin 30 on the guide 29 and the slide 28 is prevented from continued movement. In the triggered position as illustrated in Fig. 5, the pedal arm 2 may continue to move about the first horizontal shaft 3 which has now been displaced into the passenger compartment. When the driver depresses the footplate 23, the pressure is transmitted via the pushrod 22. In this position with the slide 28 projecting in its outermost position, the full effect of the pedal arm 2 will however at least not always be achieved.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 23 on page 8 as follows;

The present alternative embodiment of the present invention also enjoys the advantage that it offers a pedal device assembly with low pedal penetration in

combination with retained residual effect even when the locking device has been triggered.

Please amend the paragraph starting at line 4 on page 9 as follows;

For a vehicle equipped with a pedal device assembly according to this alternative embodiment, the first horizontal shaft 3, like the pedal arm 2, is to be displaced forwardly to a safety position in order to give a low pedal penetration in the driver's position and reduce the risk of injuring the driver. Also in this alternative embodiment, a residual function may remain after the first horizontal shaft 3 has been displaced forwards to the safety position. Thus, this alternative embodiment differs from the embodiments shown in Figs. 1 to 5 in that the horizontal shaft 3 is displaced rearwardly in a collision in these embodiments while the horizontal shaft 3 is displaced forwardly in the latter alternative embodiment.